SAFETY DATA SHEET
DOW AGROSCIENCES LIMITED
Safety Data Sheet according to Reg. (EU) No 2015/830

Product name: CABADEX™ Herbicide
Revision Date: 12.02.2018
Version: 9.0
Date of last issue: 10.01.2017
Print Date: 12.02.2018

DOW AGROSCIENCES LIMITED encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier
Product name: CABADEX™ Herbicide

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses: Plant Protection Product Herbicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
COMPANY IDENTIFICATION
DOW AGROSCIENCES LIMITED
CPC2 CAPITAL PARK
FULBOURN
CAMBRIDGE
England
CB21 5XE
UNITED KINGDOM

Customer Information Number: SDSQuestion@dow.com

1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER
24-Hour Emergency Contact: 0031 115 694 982
Local Emergency Contact: 00 31 115 69 4982

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:
Skin irritation - Category 2 - H315
Eye irritation - Category 2 - H319
Skin sensitisation - Category 1 - H317
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - Category 3 - Respiratory tract irritant. - H335
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - Category 3 - Narcotic effects. - H336
Acute aquatic toxicity - Category 1 - H400
Chronic aquatic toxicity - Category 1 - H410
For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazard pictograms

![Pictogram 1](image1.png) ![Pictogram 2](image2.png)

Signal word: WARNING

**Hazard statements**

H315  Causes skin irritation.
H317  May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319  Causes serious eye irritation.
H335  May cause respiratory irritation.
H336  May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H410  Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements**

P280  Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P302 + P352  IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P304 + P340  IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351  IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P331  Do NOT induce vomiting.
P501  Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

**Supplemental information**

EUH401  To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

Contains  Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

2.3 Other hazards

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
3.2 Mixtures

This product is a mixture.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CASRN / EC-No. / Index-No.</th>
<th>REACH Registration Number</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Classification: REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CASRN 81406-37-3</td>
<td></td>
<td>14.5%</td>
<td>fluoroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)</td>
<td>Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC-No. 279-752-9</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Index-No. 607-272-00-5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CASRN 145701-23-1</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.2%</td>
<td>Florasulam (ISO)</td>
<td>Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC-No. Not available</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Index-No. 613-230-00-7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CASRN 01-2119455851-35</td>
<td></td>
<td>&gt; 30.0 - &lt; 40.0 %</td>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics</td>
<td>Flam. Liq. - 3 - H226 STOT SE - 3 - H335 STOT SE - 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. - 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic - 2 - H411</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC-No. Not available</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Index-No. 918-668-5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CASRN 01-2119456809-23</td>
<td></td>
<td>&lt; 5.0 %</td>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC-No. 57-55-6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Index-No. 200-338-0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If present in this product, any not classified components disclosed above for which no country specific OEL value(s) is(are) indicated under Section 8, are being disclosed as voluntarily disclosed components.
For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice:
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.
**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel.

**Skin contact:** Take off contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Wash clothing before reuse. Shoes and other leather items which cannot be decontaminated should be disposed of properly.

**Eye contact:** Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in work area.

**Ingestion:** Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:** Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

**Notes to physician:** Skin contact may aggravate preexisting dermatitis.

## SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

**5.1 Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media:** To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers. Foam. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) are preferred. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF) or protein foams may function, but will be less effective.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** No data available

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

**Hazardous combustion products:** During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** This material will not burn until the water has evaporated. Residue can burn.

**5.3 Advice for firefighters**

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Burning liquids may be extinguished by dilution with water. Burning liquids may be moved by flushing with water to protect personnel and minimize property damage. To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire
water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Keep upwind of spill. Ventilate area of leak or spill. No smoking in area. Refer to section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

**6.2 Environmental precautions:** Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information. Spills or discharge to natural waterways is likely to kill aquatic organisms.

**6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Absorb with materials such as: Clay. Dirt. Sand. Sweep up. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Contact Dow AgroSciences for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

**6.4 Reference to other sections:** References to other sections, if applicable, have been provided in the previous sub-sections.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

**7.1 Precautions for safe handling:** Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain vapors. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld, or perform similar operations on or near empty containers. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:** Store in a dry place. Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

**7.3 Specific end use(s):** Refer to product label.
SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Regulation</th>
<th>Type of listing</th>
<th>Value/Notation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>fluoroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)</td>
<td>Dow IHG</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
<td>US WEEL</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GB EH40</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td></td>
<td>474 mg/m³ 150 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GB EH40</td>
<td>TWA particles</td>
<td></td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GB EH40</td>
<td>TWA Total vapour and particles</td>
<td></td>
<td>474 mg/m³ 150 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

### Derived No Effect Level

**Propylene glycol**

#### Workers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acute systemic effects</th>
<th>Acute local effects</th>
<th>Long-term systemic effects</th>
<th>Long-term local effects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>168 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Consumers</th>
<th>Acute systemic effects</th>
<th>Acute local effects</th>
<th>Long-term systemic effects</th>
<th>Long-term local effects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>n.a.</td>
<td>50 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Predicted No Effect Concentration

**Propylene glycol**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compartment</th>
<th>PNEC</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>260 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marine water</td>
<td>26 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intermittent use/release</td>
<td>183 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sewage treatment plant</td>
<td>20 000 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>572 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marine sediment</td>
<td>57.2 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>50 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering controls:** Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

**Individual protection measures**

- **Eye/face protection:** Use chemical goggles. Chemical goggles should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent. If exposure causes eye discomfort, use a full-face respirator.

- **Skin protection**
  - **Hand protection:** Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Styrene/butadiene rubber. Viton. Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Chlorinated polyethylene. Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. Glove thickness alone is not a good indicator of the level of protection a glove provides against a chemical substance as this level of protection is also highly dependent on the specific composition of the material that the glove is fabricated from. The thickness of the glove must, depending on model and type of material, generally be more than 0.35 mm to offer sufficient protection for prolonged and frequent contact with the substance. As an exception to this general rule it is known that multilayer laminate gloves may offer prolonged protection at thicknesses less than 0.35 mm. Other glove materials with a thickness of less than 0.35 mm may offer sufficient protection when only brief contact is expected. **NOTICE:** The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

- **Other protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

- **Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use an approved respirator. Selection of air-purifying or positive-pressure supplied-air will depend on the specific operation and the potential airborne concentration of the material. For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. In confined or poorly ventilated areas, use an approved self-contained breathing apparatus or positive pressure air line with auxiliary self-contained air supply. Use the following CE approved air-purifying respirator: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter, type AP2.

**Environmental exposure controls**

See SECTION 7: Handling and storage and SECTION 13: Disposal considerations for measures to prevent excessive environmental exposure during use and waste disposal.
SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**
- Physical state: Liquid.
- Color: Off-white

**Odor**
- Characteristic
- Odor Threshold: No test data available

**pH**
- 5.8 1% CIPAC MT 75.2 (1% aqueous suspension)

**Melting point/range**
- Not applicable

**Freezing point**
- No test data available

**Boiling point (760 mmHg)**
- No test data available

**Flash point**
- closed cup 61 °C Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D 93

**Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)**
- No test data available

**Flammability (solid, gas)**
- No data available

**Lower explosion limit**
- No test data available

**Upper explosion limit**
- No test data available

**Vapor Pressure**
- No test data available

**Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)**
- No test data available

**Relative Density (water = 1)**
- 0.992 at 22 °C / 4 °C Pyknometer

**Water solubility**
- Emulsifies/suspends

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**
- No data available

**Auto-ignition temperature**
- at 1,007 mbar 92/69/EEC A15 none below 400 degC

**Decomposition temperature**
- No test data available

**Dynamic Viscosity**
- No test data available

**Kinematic Viscosity**
- 95 mm²/s at 40 °C Approx.

**Explosive properties**
- No

**Oxidizing properties**
- No

**9.2 Other information**

**Liquid Density**
- 0.992 g/cm³ at 22 °C Pyknometer

**Molecular weight**
- No data available

**Surface tension**
- 34.5 mN/m at 25 °C

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.
SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions. See Storage, Section 7.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: Polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: Active ingredient decomposes at elevated temperatures.

10.5 Incompatible materials: Avoid contact with: Acids. Strong oxidizers.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity
Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

As product:
LD50, Rat, male, > 2,000 mg/kg  No deaths occurred at this concentration.
As product:
LD50, Rat, female, > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity
Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product:
LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity
Vapor concentrations are attainable which could be hazardous on single exposure. May cause respiratory irritation and central nervous system depression. Symptoms may include headache, dizziness and drowsiness, progressing to incoordination and unconsciousness.

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s):
LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, > 10 mg/l  Estimated.

Skin corrosion/irritation
Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness. May cause drying and flaking of the skin.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation
May cause moderate eye irritation which may be slow to heal.
May cause slight corneal injury.
Vapor may cause eye irritation experienced as mild discomfort and redness.

Sensitization
Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

Has demonstrated the potential for contact allergy in mice.

For respiratory sensitization:
No relevant data found.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)
For the active ingredient(s):
Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

Contains component(s) which have been reported to cause effects on the following organs in animals:
Kidney.
Liver.
Eye.
Respiratory tract.
Lung.
Blood.

Carcinogenicity
For the active ingredient(s): Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

For the minor component(s): Has caused cancer in laboratory animals. However, the relevance of this to humans is unknown.

Teratogenicity
For the active ingredient(s): Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

Based on information for component(s): Has caused birth defects in laboratory animals only at doses producing severe toxicity in the mother. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother.

Reproductive toxicity
For the active ingredient(s): In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

In animal studies on component(s), effects on reproduction were seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

Mutagenicity
For the active ingredient(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Aspiration Hazard**
Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

#### 12.1 Toxicity

**Acute toxicity to fish**
Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

- LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, 13.5 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**
EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 31.7 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, Biomass, 9.03 mg/l

- ErC50, Lemna gibba, 7 d, Biomass, 0.932 mg/l

**Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms**
Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

- oral LD50, Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail), mortality, > 2000mg/kg bodyweight.
- oral LD50, Apis mellifera (bees), 359micrograms/bee
- contact LD50, Apis mellifera (bees), 959micrograms/bee

**Toxicity to soil-dwelling organisms**
LC50, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), 14 d, 608 mg/kg

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**fluoroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)**

- **Biodegradability:** Material is not readily biodegradable according to OECD/EEC guidelines.
- 10-day Window: Fail
- **Biodegradation:** 32 %
- **Exposure time:** 28 d
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301D or Equivalent

- **Theoretical Oxygen Demand:** 2.2 mg/mg
Stability in Water (1/2-life)
Hydrolysis, half-life, 454 d

Florasulam (ISO)
**Biodegradability:** Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.
**10-day Window:** Fail
**Biodegradation:** 2 %
**Exposure time:** 28 d
**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

**Theoretical Oxygen Demand:** 0.85 mg/mg

**Biological oxygen demand (BOD)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Incubation Time</th>
<th>BOD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.012 mg/mg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Stability in Water (1/2-life)
, > 30 d

**Photodegradation**
**Atmospheric half-life:** 1.82 Hour
**Method:** Estimated.

**Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics**
**Biodegradability:** For the major component(s): Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability. For some component(s): Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

**Propylene glycol**
**Biodegradability:** Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability. Biodegradation may occur under anaerobic conditions (in the absence of oxygen).
**10-day Window:** Pass
**Biodegradation:** 81 %
**Exposure time:** 28 d
**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent
**10-day Window:** Not applicable
**Biodegradation:** 96 %
**Exposure time:** 64 d
**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 306 or Equivalent

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential
fluoroxypr-mephtyl (ISO)
  Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).
  Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 5.04 Measured
  Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 26 Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) Measured

Florasulam (ISO)
  Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).
  Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): -1.22
  Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.8 Fish 28 d Measured

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics
  Bioaccumulation: For the major component(s): Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5). For the minor component(s): Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Propylene glycol
  Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).
  Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): -1.07 Measured
  Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.09 Estimated.

12.4 Mobility in soil

fluoroxypr-mephtyl (ISO)
  Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc > 5000).
  Partition coefficient (Koc): 6200 - 43000

Florasulam (ISO)
  Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).
  Partition coefficient (Koc): 4 - 54

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics
  No relevant data found.

Propylene glycol
  Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process.
  Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).
  Partition coefficient (Koc): < 1 Estimated.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

fluoroxypr-mephtyl (ISO)
  This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Florasulam (ISO)
  This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics
  This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).
**Propylene glycol**
This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

**fluoroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)**
This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

**Florasulam (ISO)**
This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

**Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics**
This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

**Propylene glycol**
This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

---

**SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

13.1 Waste treatment methods
If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

The definitive assignment of this material to the appropriate EWC group and thus its proper EWC code will depend on the use that is made of this material. Contact the authorized waste disposal services.

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**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Classification for ROAD and Rail transport (ADR/RID):

14.1 UN number UN 3082
14.2 UN proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.(Fluroxypyr)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9
14.4 Packing group III
14.5 Environmental hazards Fluroxypyr
14.6 Special precautions for user Hazard Identification Number: 90
Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

14.1 UN number UN 3082
14.2 UN proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Fluroxypyr)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9
14.4 Packing group III
14.5 Environmental hazards Fluroxypyr
14.6 Special precautions for user EmS: F-A, S-F
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

14.1 UN number UN 3082
14.2 UN proper shipping name Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Fluroxypyr)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9
14.4 Packing group III
14.5 Environmental hazards Not applicable
14.6 Special precautions for user No data available.

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
This product contains only components that have been either pre-registered, registered, are exempt from registration, are regarded as registered or are not subject to registration according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH). The aforementioned indications of the REACH registration status are provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no
warranty, express or implied, is given. It is the buyer’s/user’s responsibility to ensure that his/her understanding of the regulatory status of this product is correct.


Listed in Regulation: ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number in Regulation:</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E1</td>
<td>100 t</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>200 t</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Listed in Regulation: Petroleum products: (a) gasolines and naphthas, (b) kerosenes (including jet fuels), (c) gas oils (including diesel fuels, home heating oils and gas oil blending streams), (d) heavy fuel oils (e) alternative fuels serving the same purposes and with similar properties as regards flammability and environmental hazards as the products referred to in points (a) to (d)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number in Regulation:</th>
<th>Value</th>
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<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>2,500 t</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>25,000 t</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Other regulations**

Registration Number: MAPP 13948

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment**

For proper and safe use of this product, please refer to the approval conditions laid down on the product label.

**SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

**Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>H-number</th>
<th>Statement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H226</td>
<td>Flammable liquid and vapour.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H304</td>
<td>May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H315</td>
<td>Causes skin irritation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H317</td>
<td>May cause an allergic skin reaction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H319</td>
<td>Causes serious eye irritation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H335</td>
<td>May cause respiratory irritation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H336</td>
<td>May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H400</td>
<td>Very toxic to aquatic life.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H410</td>
<td>Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H411</td>
<td>Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Phenomenon</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skin Irrit.</td>
<td>2 - H315</td>
<td>On basis of test data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye Irrit.</td>
<td>2 - H319</td>
<td>On basis of test data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Sens.</td>
<td>1 - H317</td>
<td>On basis of test data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT SE</td>
<td>3 - H335</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT SE</td>
<td>3 - H336</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Acute</td>
<td>1 - H400</td>
<td>On basis of test data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Chronic</td>
<td>1 - H410</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Revision Identification Number: 283089 / A293 / Issue Date: 12.02.2018 / Version: 9.0
DAS Code: GF-184
Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dow IHG</th>
<th>Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GB EH40</td>
<td>UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>8-hr TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US WEEL</td>
<td>USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Acute</td>
<td>Acute aquatic toxicity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Chronic</td>
<td>Chronic aquatic toxicity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asp. Tox.</td>
<td>Aspiration hazard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flam. Liq.</td>
<td>Flammable liquids</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT SE</td>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

DOW AGROSCIENCES LIMITED urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

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